

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

1. Identification			
Product identifier	LPS® TriFree®		
Other means of identification Part Number	03620		
Recommended use	A spray brake cleaner designed to remove oil, grease, brake fluid, brake pad material or dirt from motor vehicle brake mechanisms.		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information		
Manufacturer			
Manufacturer			
Company name	ITW Pro Brands		
Address	4647 Hugh Howell Rd.		
	Tucker, GA 30084		
Country	(U.S.A.)		
	Tel: +1 770-243-8800		
In Case of Emergency	1-800-424-9300 (inside U.S.)		
	+001 703-527-3887 (outside U.S.)		
Website	www.lpslabs.com		
E-mail	lpssds@itwprobrands.com		
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1	
	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas	
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A	
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects	
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1	
Environmental hazards	Not classified.		
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			
Signal word	Danger		
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas un irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May ca swallowed and enters airways.	nder pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin ause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if	
Precautionary statement			
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye/face protection. Wear protective gloves.		
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.		

Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Acetone		67-64-1	50 - 60
Heptane, Branched, Cyclic and linear		426260-76-6	20 - 30
Cyclohexylmethane		108-87-2	10 - 20
Carbon Dioxide		124-38-9	1 - 5
Primary Amyl Acetate		628-63-7	1 - 5

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritant effects. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	Powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Water. Water spray. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

o. Accidental release measures			
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.		
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.		
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.		
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.		
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.		
7. Handling and storage			
Precautions for safe handling Conditions for safe storage,	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Level 3 Aerosol.		
including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of the reach of children.		

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
Cyclohexylmethane (CAS 108-87-2)	PEL	2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Primary Amyl Acetate (CAS 628-63-7)	PEL	525 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
,	TWA	5000 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Components	Values Type			Value
Cyclohexylmethane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA			400 ppm
Primary Amyl Acetate (CAS 628-63-7)	STEL	-		100 ppm
020-03-7)	TWA			50 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to	Chemical Hazards			
Components	Туре			Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA			590 mg/m3
	0751			250 ppm
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	-		54000 mg/m3
				30000 ppm
	TWA			9000 mg/m3
Cyclohexylmethane (CAS	TWA			5000 ppm 1600 mg/m3
108-87-2)				Tooo nig/nio
				400 ppm
Primary Amyl Acetate (CAS	TWA			525 mg/m3
628-63-7)				100 ppm
Biological limit values				
ACGIH Biological Exposure Components V	Indices alue	Determinant	Specimer	n Sampling Time
	5 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
* - For sampling details, pleas	•		Onne	
Appropriate engineering			air changes n	er hour) should be used. Ventilation rates
controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.			
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).				
Skin protection				
Hand protection	Chemical resistant	gloves are recomm	nended.	
Other	Avoid contact with t	he skin. Wear app	ropriate chem	nical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.			
Thermal hazards	Not applicable.			
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.			
9. Physical and chemical J	properties			
Appearance	Liquid.			
Physical state	Gas.			
Form	Aerosol.			
Color	Clear,Colorless.			
Odor	Ether-like. Fruity.			
Odor threshold	Not established			
рН	Not applicable			
Melting point/freezing point	Not established			
Initial boiling point and boiling	> 132.8 °F (> 56 °C))		
range Elech point	1 / 0 [/ 17 0 00)]-			
Flash point	1.4 °F (-17.0 °C) Ta	y ciosea cup		
Evaporation rate	> 1 (BuAc = 1)			

Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits		
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.2 %	
Flammability limit - upper (%)	12.8 %	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	> 75 mm Hg @ 20°C	
Vapor density	~ 3 (air = 1)	
Relative density	0.75 - 0.77 @ 20°C	
Solubility(ies)		
Solubility (water)	55 % w/w	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not established	
Decomposition temperature	Not established	
Viscosity	Not established	
Other information		
Heat of combustion	> 30 kJ/g	
Percent volatile	100 %	
VOC	45 % per U.S. State and Federal Consumer Product Regulations	
10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity Chemical stability	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Material is stable under normal conditions.	

nouounty	
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure Inhalation Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin contact Causes skin irritation. Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. Symptoms related to the Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort. Vapors have a narcotic effect physical, chemical and and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Decrease in motor functions. toxicological characteristics Behavioral changes.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects.
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Components	Species	Test Results	
Cyclohexylmethane (CAS 108-	Cyclohexylmethane (CAS 108-87-2)		
<u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	1	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.	
ACGIH Carcinogens		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Not listed.		
	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	
Not regulated.	NTD) Deport on Coreinerone	
Not listed.	ogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	Narcotic effects.	
single exposure		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species		Test Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)				
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours	
Cyclohexylmethane (CAS 10	8-87-2)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)	5.8 mg/l, 96 hours	
Primary Amyl Acetate (CAS	628-63-7)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia af	ffinis) 65 mg/l, 96 hours	
rsistence and degradability	Expected	to biodegrade.		
paccumulative potential	No data available for this product.			
Partition coefficient n-octa	nol / water (log Kow)		
LPS® TriFree®		< 1		
Acetone		-0.24		
Cyclohexylmethane		3.61		
Primary Amyl Acetate		2.3		
bility in soil	No data a	vailable.		
her adverse effects	None kno	wn.		
B. Disposal consideration	ons			
sposal instructions	Consult authorities before disposal. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in			

Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F D003: Waste Reactive material
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

DOT	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
	Not available.
Packing group Environmental hazards	INOL AVAIIADIE.
Marine pollutant	No
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable (Heptane)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not available.
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo	Allowed with restrictions.
aircraft	
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, Flammable (Heptane), MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not available.
Environmental hazards	Not available.
	N
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-D, S-U
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not available.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	
the IBC Code	





15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardou Standard, 29 CFR 1910.120	s Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication 0.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export N	Notification (40 CFR 707, Su	bpt. D)
Not regulated.		
CERCLA Hazardous Substa	nce List (40 CFR 302.4)	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		Listed.
Primary Amyl Acetate (CAS 628-63-7)		Listed.
SARA 304 Emergency releas	se notification	
Not regulated.		
OSHA Specifically Regulated	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.	1001-1050)
Not regulated.		
Superfund Amendments and Re		ARA)
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No	
SARA 302 Extremely hazard	ous substance	
Not listed.		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.		

Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectior	n 112 Hazardous Air Pollu	tants (HAPs) List
Not regulated.		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectior	n 112(r) Accidental Releas	se Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.		
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	
Drug Enforcement Adm Chemical Code Numbe		Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		6532
Drug Enforcement Adm	ninistration (DEA). List 1 8	& 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
Acetone (CAS 67-64	1 -1)	35 %WV
DEA Exempt Chemical	Mixtures Code Number	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		6532
FEMA Priority Substand	ces Respiratory Health an	d Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace
Acetone (CAS 67-64	1 -1)	Low priority
US state regulations		

US state regulations

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date Revision date	05-26-2016 04-19-2017
Version #	02
Disclaimer	The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
Revision information	Hazard(s) identification: Response Hazard(s) identification: Supplemental information Composition / Information on Ingredients: Ingredients GHS: Classification